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(12) United States Patent

Rodrigues et al.

(54) ELECTRICAL CONTACT DEVICE OF THE CONTACT FINGER TYPE WITH A STRONG NOMINAL CURRENT

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H01H 1/48

 $USPC \ \dots \dots \ 200/245, \, 294, \, 50.1, \, 260, \, 281; \, 337/196, \,$

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See application file for complete search history.

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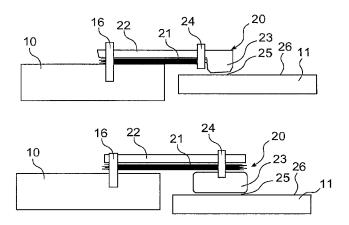
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(57) ABSTRACT

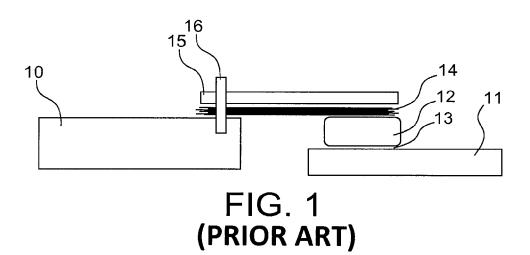
An electrical contact device of the contact finger type for high nominal current between a first part that is conductive and a conductive surface of a second part comprising a flexible rod connected to a first connection element for mechanical and electrical connection to the first part, a contact portion applied on the conductive surface of the second part, and at least one metal contact blade placed at a first end between a first end of the flexible rod and the first part. The flexible rod is conductive, and the at least one metal blade is connected at its second end to the second end of the flexible rod by a second mechanical and electrical connection element.

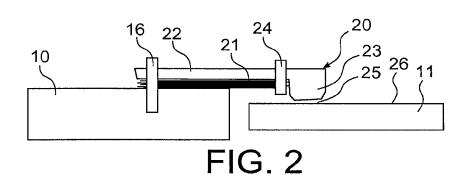
6 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



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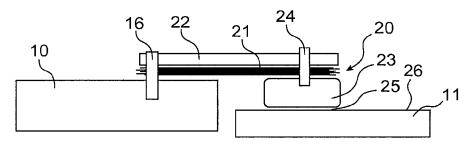
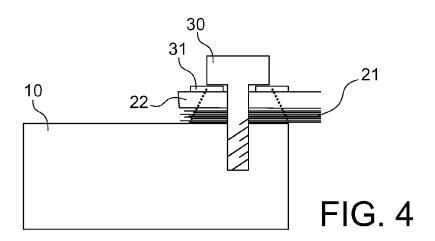
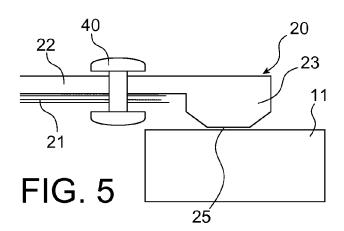


FIG. 3



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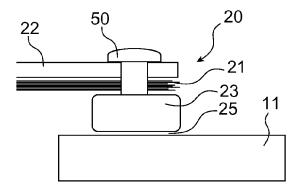


FIG. 6

1

ELECTRICAL CONTACT DEVICE OF THE CONTACT FINGER TYPE WITH A STRONG NOMINAL CURRENT

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATIONS

The present application is a National Stage Application of International Application No. PCT/EP2013/070318 entitled "ELECTRICAL CONTACT DEVICE OF THE CONTACT 10 FINGER TYPE WITH A STRONG NOMINAL CUR-RENT" filed Sep. 30, 2013, which claims priority of French Patent Application No. 1259334, filed Oct. 2, 2012, the contents of each incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The invention relates to an electrical contact device of the contact finger type for high nominal current.

PRIOR ART

A first known example of an embodiment of electrical contact of the contact finger type between a first part 10 and 25 invention such as those shown in FIGS. 2 and 3. a second part 11 is shown in FIG. 1. The electrical contact is made up of a contact pad 12 applied on a conductive surface of the second part 11 along a contact zone 13, metal blades 14, and a flexible rod 15. Said blades, which are connected to a connection element 16 for mechanical and 30 electrical connection to the first part 10, enable electric current to pass between the contact pad 12 and said element 16. The flexible rod 15 performs a spring function and makes it possible to provide contact force without passing electric current.

A second known example of an embodiment of electrical contact of the contact finger type consists in a one-piece contact, in which the three above-described functions of providing electrical contact, of passing electricity, and of obtained for example, by machining or by die-stamping.

This second example constitutes an economical embodiment. However, a difficulty remains due to the currentpassing function and the spring function being dimensioned together. The current-passing function would require a 45 choice of materials having conductive properties suitable for limiting temperature rises: typically copper, aluminum, or alloys thereof. However, the use of such materials for providing the spring function leads to considerable limits stresses and of the resulting force, in particular because of a maximum stress that must not be exceeded for the material. As a result, for a given size, said second example presents a limit value for acceptable nominal current.

The invention aims to modify such a one-piece contact, or 55 a contact that is close in design to such a one-piece contact, in order to increase the nominal current in a given size.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides an electrical contact device of the contact finger type for high nominal current between a first part that is conductive and a conductive surface of a second part, said device comprising a flexible rod connected to a first connection element for mechanical and electrical con- 65 nection to the first part, a contact portion applied on the conductive surface of the second part, and at least one metal

2

contact blade placed at a first end between a first end of the flexible rod and the first part, the device being characterized in that the flexible rod is conductive and in that the at least one metal blade is connected at its second end to the second end of the flexible rod by means of a second mechanical and electrical connection element. The first connection element may comprise a screw or a rivet. The second connection element may comprise a rivet. The second connection element may be made by crimping and deforming a prominent portion of a contact pad. The first connection element may be connected to the first part by screw-fastening. In a first embodiment the flexible rod and the contact portion form a single piece. Advantageously, the flexible rod and the contact portion are made of copper, aluminum, or alloys thereof.

The device of the invention makes it possible to increase the nominal current for a given size.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 shows an example of a contact device of the prior art.

The FIGS. 2 and 3 show two embodiments of the device of the invention.

FIGS. 4 to 6 show characteristics of the device of the

DETAILED SUMMARY OF PARTICULAR **EMBODIMENTS**

In the device of the invention, as shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, a conductive flexible elongate contact element 20, which is the main conductor of electricity, performs a spring function and a contact pad function. It may be made as a single piece, as shown in FIG. 2, or as two pieces, as shown in FIG. 3. At 35 least one metal blade 21 provides additional section for passing electricity in such a manner as to obtain a finger of simple structure in a given size maximizing the nominal current it can pass.

The contact element 20 comprises a first portion 22 in the acting as a spring are combined in a single element that is 40 form of a rod and a second portion 23 in the form of a contact pad that may form parts of a single piece or that may form two separate pieces. A first end of the at least one blade 21 is disposed between the first part 10 and the first end of the first portion of the conductive part 20, that is itself connected to said first part 10 via the connection element 16. A second end of the at least one blade 21 is connected to the second end of the first portion 22 of the contact element 20 by a mechanical and electrical connection element 24.

The at least one contact blade makes it possible to concerning contact dimensions, notably because of the 50 increase the nominal current without increasing the contact

> The reference 25 designates the contact zone between the second portion 23 of the contact element 20 and the conductive surface 26 of the second part 11.

> FIGS. 4 to 6 show embodiment examples of the first and second connection elements 16 and 24.

1. First Connection Element 16, Shown in FIG. 4:

This first connection element 16 may be made with the help of a screw or rivet 30 connecting the contact element 20 and the contact blade(s) 21 to the first part 10. A single link thus enables the three elements to be joined together: first part 10, metal blades 21, and contact element 20.

When the clamping force is considerable, in order to limit the compression stress in the conductive materials and/or in order to provide a satisfactory current-passing surface, a force-distribution washer 31 may be used that is placed under the screw or rivet head.

10

3

2. Second Connection Element 24, Shown in FIGS. 5 and 6: The second connection point between the blade or blades 21 and the contact element 20 may be made either by a rivet 40, as shown in FIG. 5, or by crimping and deforming a prominent portion of a contact pad 50 inserted in the blade(s) 5 21 and the contact element 20, as shown in FIG. 6. Another effective solution uses screw-fastening for the two variants considered above. In any event, the same rules as those of the second point relating to the first connection element with the first part apply.

In an advantageous example embodiment, the contact element 20 may have a length lying in the range 3 centimeters (cm) to 15 cm, a thickness in its first portion 22 lying in the range 3 millimeters (mm) to 20 mm. Each metal blade may have a thickness lying in the range 0.1 mm to 1 mm. 15 The contact element 20 and the blades may be made of copper, aluminum, or alloys thereof.

The invention claimed is:

- 1. An electrical contact device for high nominal current 20 between a first part that is conductive and a conductive surface of a second part, said device comprising:
 - a. a flexible rod connected to a first connection element for mechanical and electrical connection to the first

- b. a contact portion applied on the conductive surface of the second part, and at least one metal contact blade placed at a first end between a first end of the flexible rod and the first part, wherein the flexible rod is conductive, wherein the at least one metal blade is connected at its second end to the second end of the flexible rod by means of a second mechanical and electrical connection element, so that to form an additional section for passing a high nominal current, and wherein the flexible rod and the contact portion form a single piece.
- 2. A device according to claim 1, in which the first connection element comprises a screw or a rivet.
- 3. A device according to claim 1, in which the second connection element comprises a rivet.
- 4. A device according to claim 1, in which the second connection element is made by crimping and deforming a prominent portion of a contact pad.
- 5. A device according to claim 3, in which the first connection element is connected to the first part by screwfastening.
- 6. A device according to claim 1, in which the flexible rod and the contact portion are made of copper, aluminum, or alloys thereof.